Tie-breaks decided the distribution of medals in the Dominican Republic: Atousa Pourkashiyan edges Zoey Tang, bronze for Thalia Cervantes

# **U.S. Women Sweep Podium**

ZOEY TANG SET A FAST PACE IN SANTO DOMINGO, WINNING ONE GAME AFTER ANOTHER UNTIL A CRUCIAL GAME AGAINST HER COMPATRIOT ATOUSA POURKASHIYAN. THIS TIME EXPERIENCE PREVAILED OVER YOUTH AND BOTH FINISHED THE TOURNAMENT ON 7½/9, AFTER WHICH POURKASHIYAN WAS DECLARED WINNER DUE TO BETTER TIE-BREAKS. THALIA CERVANTES CAME THIRD TO WRAP UP AN ALL-USA PODIUM.

## By WGM Zoey Tang

Chess brings many opportunities: the delight of meeting new friends, the unique rage of blundering a piece, and importantly, the justification for traveling, including international trips. Over Thanksgiving weekend, fifty talented female chess players convened at the Albergue Olímpico in Santo Domingo, capital of the Dominican Republic, to compete in the Continental Women's Championship of the Americas. For me personally, it was a great chance to moonlight as a translator using my high school Spanish skills, try a new cuisine, and attempt to play passable chess. As it turned out, I managed to do all three, even getting off to a great start in the tournament.

Finishing first on tiebreaks (ahead of yours truly), WGM Atousa Pourkashiyan qualified for the 2025 Women's World Cup. Now she is a champion of two continents; after winning the 2010 Asian Women's Championship, Pourkashiyan once again showed her class and ability to perform under pressure. Many congratulations and best of luck at the World Cup!

Even though a tie for first meant I'd missed out on the direct WGM title, I still won

a WGM norm. And since I already have my two other norms, I'm excited to share that I am now a WGM-elect. Even though I missed out on being champion, I still achieved another one of my lifelong goals. Next up, IM!

## **MY FAST PACE**

Despite a third round draw to the Chilean WIM Javiera Belen Gomez Barrera, who ended up upsetting quite a few higher-rated players, I found myself near the top of the leaderboard at the halfway point. Continuing to win was important to maintain pole position, and I managed to do just that.

Going into round six, I was in a three-way tie for first. My opponent, Candela Francisco Guecamburu, was the 2023 World Junior Girls' Champion and the defending champion of the Women's Continental Championship. Playing as Black, I was planning to play solidly and see what I could get.

# SANTO DOMINGO, DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

November 24-29, 2024
WOMEN'S AMERICAN CONTINENTAL
CHAMPIONSHIP

(9 rounds, 50 players)

**6-8** Maria Teresa JIMENEZ SALAS (PER), Deysi CORI (PER), Iris MOU .....

**9-15** Javiera Belen GOMEZ BARRERA (CHI), Isabella LOPEZ RAYO (COL), Adriana Paola PACHON GUTIERREZ (COL), Omya VIDYARTHI,

Valentina ARGOTE HEREDIA (COL), Nicolle Julieth MOGOLLON TOBAR (COL), Kathie Goulart LIBRELATO (BRA).......



Zoey Tang is a 15-year-old WIM and FM residing in Portland, Oregon. She earned her Woman International Master title in 2022 after winning the North American Youth Chess Championship G18. Zoey is the first girl to have won the Oregon State Championship. In 2022, she founded a non-profit organization called Puddletown Chess. You can visit their website and read the many chess articles she wrote there at www. puddletownchess.org. Besides chess, Zoey loves playing the piano and reading.

#### **B50**

Candela Francisco	2267
Zoey Tang	2306

Women's American Continental Championship, Santo Domingo 2024

**1.e4 c5 2. ② f3 ③ c6 3. ③ c4** A surprise, one which I had never faced over the board before. This is only White's fifth most common move, eschewing the standard Rossolimo or Open Sicilian. I was on my own now.

3...d6 4.0-0 🗗 f6 5.\alpha e1



5... **2g4** Deviating from the typical Sicilian setup. The light-squared bishop seldom develops to g4, instead favoring b7 or d7, but I reasoned that it would help in the fight for the d4 square. Worst-case scenario, at least I would drag my opponent out of her preparation!



A more normal plan would be something like 5...g6 6.d4 cxd4 7.₺xd4 ₺xd4 8.₩xd4 ₺g7=, getting into a Dragon-esque structure.

6.c3 e6 7.d4 **②e7?!** The most natural move, if a bit passive. I'd seriously considered 7...cxd4, since after 8.cxd4 **②**xf3, White is forced to play 9.gxf3 to avoid losing d4. However, I thought White's mobile pawn center would outweigh the disadvantage of the doubled pawns. A mostly correct evaluation, except I'd missed 9...d5!∓,



opening the dark-squared bishop and ruining White's structure even further. (A weaker move like 9...&e7?! indeed sees White taking the initiative after  $10.d5 \ exd5 \ 11.exd5 \ \triangle e5 \ 12.\&b5+ \triangle ed7 \ 13.\empsymbol{\text{$\text{$\text{$w}$}}} e2\empsymbol{\text{$\text{$\text{$w}$}}} 10.exd5 (Not taking the pawn doesn't help matters much: <math>10.\&b5$  \&b4 \  $11.\triangle c3 \ 0-0$ \empsymbol{\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$w}\$}}} and Black is always threatening to win d4 after a timely ...dxe4.)  $10...\triangle xd5 \ 11.\triangle c3 \ \&e7$ \empsymbol{\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$w}\$}}} White has four pawn islands!

**8.d5!** Seizing the initiative! White correctly realizes that this is the best/only chance to take advantage of Black's uncastled king. Now I am forced to open up the e-file or lose castling rights altogether.

**8...exd5 9.exd5 ©e5 10.©e2** 10.**©**b5+ looks promising for White, but I'd calculated that after 10... **©**fd7 (10... **©***ed7?!* is passive, because of 11.h3 **©***xf3* 12. **©***xf3* 0-0 13. **©***f*4±, when compared to the game, there is an extra set of minor pieces on board

to compound Black's space issues.) 11.≜xd7+ ∰xd7 12.♠xe5 dxe5 13.f3 ≜f5 14.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xe5?! 0-0\(\mathbb{Z}\) Black's bishop pair and quicker development make for ample compensation. The computer even gives a tiny edge to Black.

10...\(\bar{Q}\)xf3+ 11.\(\bar{Q}\)xf3 \(\bar{Q}\)xf3 12.\(\bar{W}\)xf3
0-0



Although I'd managed to get my king to safety, I didn't like my position much here. White's advanced d5 pawn fixes my d-pawn while also giving a space advantage. Still, all I need is a few moves to untangle my pieces (specifically, the dark-squared bishop), and then my position will be fine.

13.c4 13.皇f4 is more precise, making it difficult for Black to reroute the bishop. White need not be afraid of 13...c4, trying to artificially isolate White's d-pawn, since after 14.位d2 宣c8 15.宣e2± Black's position is falling apart. Black cannot afford to target a pawn, no matter how important, when the vulnerable e7 bishop still exists.

**13...**②**d7!** This looks rather awkward, but it's the start of the only maneuver to free all my pieces. A normal, oblivious move like 13...營d7 will eventually result in a more difficult position after 14.公c3 when 14...置ae8! is key, allowing for 15.彙g5 彙d8±.

14. **②**f4 **②**f6 Counterattacking! Once again, Black cannot afford to dilly dally. 15. **②**c3 After 15. **②**xd6 **②**xb2 16. **②**xf8 **②**xa1 17. **②**d2 **③**xf8 18. **③**xa1 **④**e7=, Black will put pressure on c4 to lessen the threat of the protected passed d5 pawn.

**15... 2e5** My main goal ever since getting out of the opening was to trade the dark-squared bishops to reduce the pressure on d6. Here it is achieved!

However, even stronger was 15... 包e5, when after 16. 豐e4 包g6 17. 鱼g3 h5 18.h3 鱼xc3! 19.bxc3 豐f6=, Black can claim some initiative.

16.ᡚe4 ዿxf4 17.∰xf4

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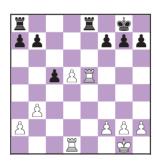
**17...②e5** White mav have underestimated the strength of this move. Suddenly Black is forking the c4 pawn and the d3 square; White can't defend both.

**18.**♥**ad1** 18.♠xc5?? runs into 18... ②g6!−+; or 18. ②xd6?! ②d3∓.

18...②xc4 19.b3 ②e5 20.②xd6 My opponent offered a draw here. Certainly, it wouldn't have been a bad result for me, after the pressure I was under in the opening. But I decided to play on, since the tide was turning – psychologically speaking, having to play on an equal position after being better the whole game is not fun.

**20... Wxd6 21. Wxe5** 21. Exe5 f6 22. Ef5 ₩xf4 23.\%xf4 \%fd8= is a more favorable version for Black of the endgame reached in the game.

21... 學xe5 22. 異xe5 罩fe8



23.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}\delta engine doesn't mind this move much, but I'd argue that this was White's key mistake. Now Black is playing for two results; the d-pawn that was White's pride earlier is now all but guaranteed to fall.

23.f4!, bolstering the fight for the e-file with a pawn, was necessary. Then, after 23...f6 24.\( \frac{1}{2}\)e6 \( \frac{1}{2}\)f7 25.f5 \( \frac{1}{2}\)ac8, White is pushing here, but the game will probably fizzle out to a draw.

23... **Zxe5** 24. **Zxe5 Df8!** Preventing **Ze7**. **25.d6 b6 26.f4 \(\mathbb{I}\) \(\mathbb{I}\) <b>27.\(\mathbb{I}\) 6 27.\(\mathbb{I}\)** was the more aggressive and more risky option. 27...a5 28.\bar{\textbf}b7 \bar{\textbf}xd6 29.\bar{\textbf}f2 g6 30. \$\dot\delta f3 \textsquare d2 31. \textsquare xa2 White's rook is very active, and it's not easy for Black



Photo by Lennart Ootes

to create a passed pawn. Still, controlling the timing of defense versus breaking out is never easy during the game. 27...f6



28.g4? The losing move, according to the engine, but it's very difficult to play these positions as the defending side.

28.\daggedd dd White must keep open the option of bringing the rook to the e-file. 28...f5 (28...\$\dot\delta f7?! 29.f5 \dot\delta e8 30.\dot\delta e2+ 31.g4 fxg4 32.hxg4 \$\div e6\$ 33.\$\mathbb{Z}e5+ The point! Black's weakening ...f5 move earlier now has a price to pay (not that a human would be able to see this from afar...) 33...∳xd6 34.∳f2∓.

**28...№f7** A funny little maneuver to force White to play f5, cutting off her own rook. 29.f5 \$\frac{1}{42}\$e8 30.h4 \$\frac{1}{42}\$d7 31.g5 \$\frac{1}{42}\$c6 32.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}d2 \mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}xd6 Step one: winning the pawn, is complete! The rest is a matter of technique.

33.\(\bar{\pi}\)e2 \(\bar{\ph}\)d7 34.g6 hxg6 35.\(\bar{\pi}\)g2 \(\bar{\ph}\)e7 36.fxg6 \( \mathbb{Z}\)d4 37.h5 \( \mathbb{Z}\)h4 38.\( \mathbb{Z}\)e2+ \( \mathbb{D}\)f8 One last trap: 38... \$\div d7 \ 39. \$\div d2 + \div c6?? (39... \$\dot{\phi}e6 \quad 40.\$\mathbb{\pi}e2+ \dot{\phi}f5? \quad 41.\$\mathbb{\pi}e7\mathbb{\pi}\) 40.\(\mathbb{H}\)h2! and now it's equal! Black's king is too far away to trade into the pawn endgame. 40... \( \bar{\text{2}}\) g4+ 41. \( \bar{\text{2}}\) \( \bar{\text{2}}\) \( \bar{\text{2}}\) h4 42. \( \bar{\text{2}}\) h2 

39.\(\bar{g}\)h2 \(\bar{g}\)xh2 \(40.\bar{g}\)xh2 \(f5\) \(41.\bar{g}\)g3 Фе7 42.a4 Фf6 43.Фf4 a6

#### White resigned

This win was very important for the standings, and for me mentally. A draw on board two propelled me into sole first place with only three rounds to go, and I was confident after winning strategically from a worse position. Would I be able to keep up this momentum? Only time would tell...

## ONE FINAL CHALLENGE

A quick win in round seven put me in an enviable spot – ahead by a full point, with only two rounds to go. Having played most of the higher-rated players, I still faced one final challenge in round eight, against the accomplished WGM Atousa Pourkashivan. She now represents the U.S. after changing federations from Iran in 2022. Trailing at one point behind, a win would allow her to catch me in first.

### **B30**

Atousa Pourkashiyan	2255
Zoey Tang	2306

American Continental Women's Championship, Santo Domingo 2024

I wasn't quite sure what to expect in terms of the opening. I knew that Pourkashivan was a well-prepared player, and I'd seen that she had uncorked quite a few opening surprises earlier in the tournament, so I studied a bit of everything.

1.e4 c5 2.\(\Delta\)f3 \(\Delta\)c6 3.\(\Delta\)b5 e6 4.0-0 ②ge7 5.\(\mathbb{E}\)e1 b6 I was pleasantly surprised that instead it was I who got to surprise my opponent in the opening. This was a line I'd been looking at for some time but hadn't played in a published game yet. The idea is to keep the pawn structure flexible and ready to react to White's breaks.

The main line, which I've played before, is 5...a6 6.≜f1 d5 7.exd5 🖏 xd5 8.d4 �f6±. In hindsight, this may have been a better decision. Although the position is quite dry, all I really needed result-wise was a draw to basically guarantee first place.

6.c3 a6 7.\(\dagger{2}\)f1 d5 8.e5 d4



The key idea – instead of allowing the position to reach a French-like pawn structure, Black manually isolates the e-pawn and makes it into a potential target. White still has kingside attacking chances, but Black will have significant counterplay as well.

**9.d3 \$b7 10.c4**?! Locking the center normally favors White's kingside chances, but there's a key difference here - Black hasn't castled yet! 10.₺bd2 is better, maintaining the central tension.

**10...**包**g6?!** 10...h6! is a resource I was not expecting to have. After 11. 夕bd2 ₩c7 12.g3 g5, Black's kingside pawn storm is made super powerful by the locked center. For example, 13. 2e4 2g6 14.�f6+ �e7∓.

**11.g3** A nice move to activate the light-squared bishop and box out my g6 knight.

11... gc7 12. ge2 ge7 13. gg2



So far both sides have been playing logical moves. Though fresh, the position is relatively balanced.

13...0-0?! This move gives White a clear target. Before, Black's king always had the option of escaping to the queenside. but now it's a sitting duck.

13...b5, simply continuing with normal plans, was better. Black's king is safe enough in the center. 14. 2bd2 \( \frac{1}{2}bd2 \) 15.h4 h5 16.\(\mathbb{E}\)b1 \(\paralla\)a8=.

**14.h4** The best course of action. White takes advantage of Black's lack of a f6 knight and the free rein the locked center provides.

14...h5 15. 2bd2 \( \frac{1}{2}\)fe 16. 2f1 \( \frac{1}{2}\)ac8 17. 21h2 Preparing g4. The idea is logical and obvious, but I have no way to stop it.

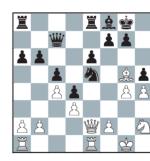
17... a 18. a 18. a 19. hasty, though this move was rewarded in the game. White should instead continue improving the position with 19.a4, whereas Black can barely improve! 



**19...hxg4?** Inviting White's pieces to advance into the attack. The most heartbreaking thing was that I'd seen the better alternatives but backed out on the last second.

19...f6! would have opened center lines and activated all my pieces. 20.exf6 20...gxf6 21.≜xf6?! ∅f4 22.∰d2 ≜d6∓ when White's weak dark squares give Black great compensation. The knight on h2 is now horribly misplaced.

19... ②gxe5 was the more obvious, clear way out. 20. 2xe5 2xe5 21. 2xa8



22.\(\dot{\pm}\$f4 (22.\(\delta xe5?!\) \(\delta d6!\(\frac{\pm}{\pm}\)) 22...f6 23. xe5 \widetilde{\pi}xe5 24. \widetilde{\pi}xe5 fxe5 25.gxh5 êd6= Both sides have bad pawn structures, and the game will most likely end in a draw.

**20.②xg4 \$e7** Trying (too late though) to trade some of White's attackers.

g6 24. ☼d2± was even more crushing.

**21...≌d8?!** 21...**≜**xg5 22.**₩**xg5 **₩**e7 was the most logical, but I missed that after 23. 2 f6+,

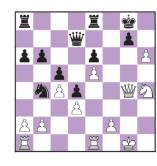


Black has the brilliant resource 23... \$\div f8!\$ f4 26.hxg6+-), when after 24.f xe8 ₩xg5 25.2xg5 \( \text{xe8 26.\text{\( \text{\( \ext{\( \text{\( \ext{\( \text{\( \ext{\( \ext{\) \ext{\( \ext{\( \ext{\( \ext{\} \text{\( \ext{\} \text{\( \ext{\( \ext{\} \text{\( \ext{\( \ext{\( \ext{\( \ext{\( \ext{\} \ext{\( \ext{\( \ext{\( \ext{\( \ext{\( \ext{\( \ext{\( \ext{\chince{\( \ext{\} \x}\cince{\( \ext{\( \ext{\} \ext{\} \ext{\( \ext{\( \ext{\} \x\cince{\( \ext{\( \ext{\} \x\cince{\( \ext{\} \ext{\} \x\cince{\( \ext{\} \ext{\ endgame is certainly worse, but not that easy for White to win. In fact, the only move to maintain the advantage now is 27.f4!±. 22.h5



22...**②h4**?? The final Pourkashiyan attacks and converts beautifully after this. 22... \$\overline{\Omega}\$f8 prevents any mating attempts! White has no direct way to win here. 23. £xe7 2xe7 24. 2g5 ②f5± is better for White, but still playable. 23. 2xh4 2xh4 24. 2f4 f5 25. 2xh4 **fxg4** 25... ₩xh4?? 26. 45f6++-.

26. ₩xg4 \( \Delta \)b427.h6 \( \Delta \)d728.\( \delta \)xa8 \( \Delta \)xa8 \( \Delta \)xa8



**29.\mathbb{\mathbb{E}e4** Bringing up all the pieces. 29...中h8 30.中h2 gxh6 31.豐h5 置g8 32.\dagger xh6+\dagger h7 33.\dagger f6+\dagger g7 34.\dagger g1 \(\begin{align}
\mathbb{A}\) ag8 35.\(\mathbb{A}\)g6 \(\Delta\)xd3 36.\(\mathbb{A}\)h6

#### Black resigned

A very painful loss for me, but a well-deserved win for Pourkashivan. From the opening, she applied consistent pressure and took advantage

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of inaccuracies to crash through the kingside. A strong attacking game!

Suddenly the tournament situation had completely changed. After this game, I no longer controlled my chances of winning the tournament. Even though we were tied on points, Pourkashiyan had much better tiebreaks – the first tiebreaker was average opponents' rating. A win in the last round with the black pieces would guarantee her a first-place finish. Despite nerves being frequently in evidence at this point, Pourkashiyan won on demand convincingly.

# THE VIRTUE OF **CHAMPIONS - STAMINA!**

#### **C66**

Javiera Gomez Barrera	2174
Atousa Pourkashiyan	2255

American Continental Women's Championship, Santo Domingo 2024 Notes by Atousa Pourkashivan

This was the last-round game between me and the talented Chilean player Javiera Belen Gomez Barrera, which marked my first appearance in the American Continental. I have competed multiple times in the Asian Continental Championship, and winning it in 2010 stands out as one of the proudest moments of my chess journey – it is a milestone I hold dear.

Heading into this game, I knew I had to give it my all to win. Another American player, the talented Zoev Tang, was tied with me on points, and securing victory in this game was essential if I wanted to claim the tournament title.

**1.e4** To avoid giving my opponent an opportunity for opening preparation, and given the limited time to prepare for a morning game, I decided to opt for a solid approach.

1...e5 2. $\bigcirc$ f3  $\bigcirc$ c6 3. $\bigcirc$ c3 This was the first moment of the game when my opponent began to think. I believe that since she knew I needed a win, she chose a calmer, more drawish line, even though she didn't have any games in the database with 3.42c3 and was probably less familiar with it.

**3...②f6 4.\$b5 d6** I knew there were two common moves here, and both were



▲ Atousa Pourkashiyan

about equal. But I chose a dubious move that is less frequently played, hoping my opponent wasn't very familiar with it. Black obtains satisfactory play both after 4...ᡚd4 5.彙c4 彙c5 6.ᡚxe5 e7 7.ᡚf3 d5 8.\(\dag{\pm}\)xd5 \(\dag{\pm}\)g4 9.d3 0-0-0 10.\(\dag{\pm}\)e3; and 4...\$b4 5.0-0 0-0 6.d3 d6 7.\$\tilde{2}\$e7 8.c3 &a5 9.42g3 c6 10. &a4 42g6.

**5.d4** A typical and logical move in such positions. White is trying to control the center and take advantage of the pinned knight on c6.

8. \(\delta\)f4 0-0 9.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e1 \(\delta\)g4



My opponent was taking her time with each move, so I tried to create a situation with multiple options for her. I knew that White is typically better in such positions, but I decided to play practically and take my chances. Perhaps my strategy worked, and she wasn't as familiar with the position, or maybe she was aiming for a draw. From my own experience, I've learned that playing for a draw can sometimes backfire; I've had situations where I only needed a draw for a norm or title but ended up with a passive position and a loss instead. It's a

lesson I've taken to heart.

After 9... ②xd4 10. ₩xd4 &xb5 11.♠xb5 a6 12.♠c3 \( \frac{\pi}{2}\)e8, the position is absolutely fine, but it's hard to see a way to create winning opportunities for Black. **10. 2** d**2** 10.f3 **2** d**7** is fine for Black. Probably the best try was 10.₺xc6 bxc6 11. åe2 åxe2 12. \(\psi \text{xe2} \psi \text{b8 13.e5\(\pm \).

**10...②e5 11.h3 \$c8 12.a4** 12.∄ad1 is also a logical move. I wasn't sure if White needed to include a4, but she probably wanted to avoid ...c6, followed by ...b5.

12...c6 13.\(\dagger)f1 a5 14.\(\dagger)ad1 \\dagger)c7 14...\@g6 (The engine-recommended move. After 15.\&e3 d5 16.exd5 cxd5 17. 2db5 \$b4 18. \$d4 \$e6, White is better and the moves are easier for her -Zoev Tana)

15. **ge3 Ee8** 16.f4 **ge6** 17.g3 White had less than 10 minutes here. I knew that if I delayed ...d5, I might never be able to play it again, since White intends to play \(\frac{1}{2}g^2\).



**17...d5!** The idea here is to open up the center, as White's pawns in front of the king have moved, and her king could be in danger in the future. Additionally, since White played a4 earlier, I thought b4 would be a great square for my bishop. Not only does it pin the knight, it's also a safe square where it cannot be attacked.

**18.e5** After 18.exd5 **\$b4** 19.**\$g2 \$d7** 20.dxc6 bxc6± Black has compensation for the sacrificed pawn.

**18...②d7 19.e6?** This was a critical mistake, after which my opponent has lost all her advantage. It also becomes a lot easier to play as Black. I think my opponent's time trouble led her to make this mistake, as she only had a couple of minutes left on the clock and was looking to play something concrete. (The e5 pawn was stifling all of Black's pieces. Now that it is gone, the d7 knight, light-squared bishop, and queenside rook will all be free -Zoev Tana)

Better was 19. g2, when after, for example, 19...එb6

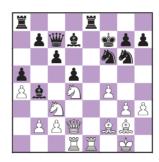


20. @f2! @c4 21. @c1 @b4 22.g4±, it's a complicated position, but White has the upper hand.

**19...②f6** 19...fxe6 20.**②**xe6 **№**d6 21.**&**f2 ②f6 22. 2c5 ₩b8 23. 2d4 2xe6 24. Exe6 and the position is about equal. However, since she was in time pressure, I wanted to keep the game complicated.

20.exf7+ ⊈xf7 21. ₤f2?! ₤d7 I really needed to connect the rooks and develop the bishop, and d7 is the only square that makes sense.

22. g2 gb4



Finally, I found a way to put my bishop on the square I had been dreaming of for the entire game.

23. ₩d3 ♣g8 The king is definitely safer on g8 rather than f7.

**24.** □ **xe8** + □ **xe8 25.** □ **f3**? 25. □ e1 was necessary to fight for equality, even though Black would still be more comfortable. (Liquidating! Always a useful strategy when under pressure. *After 25...* \(\begin{aligned}
\begin{aligned}
\delta \d ₩e8 28.\(\daggerd hold -Zoey Tana)

25... \(\mathbb{U}\) c8! Double threats: Black is attacking the pawn on h3, but also threatening ... £f5. with the idea of attacking the queen on d3 and the pawn on c2. Against \(\frac{1}{2}\)d2, ...\(\frac{1}{2}\)e4 could also be a possibility.

**26.②g5?** After this move, Black is just winning. It was necessary to play \( \begin{array}{c} \be to defend the position, but when you're in time trouble, vou're often looking for counterattacks without having time to calculate everything thoroughly.

choice but to stick with whatever vou *first thought up of -Zoey Tang*)

26.⊈h2? ≜f5 27.∰d2 ②e4 is also a complete disaster for White due to the pin and various forks.

26. <sup>™</sup>f1 was the best move according to the computer.



Then, after 26...h5! 27.h4 &f5, Black should be significantly better here and due to my opponent's time pressure, I suspect that I would have won the game anyway. 26...\$f5 27.₩d2 h6 28.g4 28.5f3 ©e4 29.₩e1 ©xc3-+.

28...hxg5 29.fxg5 ②e4 30. ②xe4 This move took me by surprise. Although I was already in a winning position, I spent about 10 minutes contemplating whether to capture the knight with my bishop or take the queen, knowing a fork on d6 could follow. Perhaps I was just savoring the moment, as the victory felt so close! After 30. \(\dag{x}\)e4 \(\dag{x}\)e4, the extra piece is decisive.



30...ዿxd2 31.ᡚd6 ∰e6 32.ᡚxe8 ∰e2 33.\\documentsf1 \\documentsete e4 34.\document\documentdd6 \document\documentsxg2 35.\document\docum **②f4**+ Mate was inevitable, and **White** resigned here.

We shook hands, and honestly, I couldn't put my emotions into words. It was a truly memorable moment in us to one another. Ever since, we have my chess career, one I never could have imagined – becoming a champion on two different continents. A dream came true!

As a side note, I want to thank Zoey Tang for asking me to annotate one of my games in the championship. Her impressive performance and the many

(Annoyingly, sometimes you have no points she scored in the tournament really motivated me to push myself and fight hard to win games in order to become the champion.

> I also want to thank Hikaru Nakamura for his help and excellent preparation before each game.

# THALIA COMPLETES U.S. **WOMEN'S DOMINANCE**

Meanwhile, top U.S. female player WGM Thalia Cervantes rose up the standings despite some early setbacks, using practical choices to win games such as her attacking victory in round eight. She finished third on tiebreaks, rounding out an all-USA podium.

#### **E94**

Thalia Cervantes	2307
Javiera Gomez Barrera	2174

American Continental Women's Championship, Santo Domingo 2024 Notes by Thalia Cervantes

As an American player born in Cuba, it was a wonderful opportunity to be back in the Caribbean and represent the United States. Going into the tournament, I had high expectations for a strong result. However, the birthday curse seemed to have struck me, and on November 26 I drew a much better game against the winner of the tournament, Atousa Pourkashiyan, and then lost to another fellow countrymate, Zoey Tang. These two results diminished my chances of winning the Continental, but I still wanted to put forward a strong performance and end the year with a positive result in my tournaments. This game was crucial in order to achieve just that.

**1.d4** This is round 8 of the tournament, the second one of a grueling doubleround day. I have had the pleasure of knowing my opponent Javiera since the 2013 Pan-American Championship in Brazil, where our moms first introduced participated in tournaments together, bringing us to this encounter.

1...包f6 2.c4 g6 3.包c3 **\$g7** The King's Indian Defense! A very sharp opening for a very crucial round.

**4.e4 d6 5.♦f3 0-0 6.♠e2** I had prepared this variation for a previous

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round in the event where I won, so I was feeling confident.

**6...e5 7.0-0 h6!?** This new approach was a surprise for me. Played by many top players such as Hikaru Nakamura and Alireza Firouzia, the idea is to pass the move on to White, preventing the natural \(\mathbb{L}\)e3, as after ... ②g4, there is no Ձg5 option.

7... ②a6 is one of the most popular moves, and what I expected my opponent to play based on her previous games. 8.\(\mathbb{E}\)e1!? Opening the f1 square for the bishop and providing support for the e4 pawn. (8.d5!? is too rushed, as after 8... 2c5 9. 2c5 9. 2c5 Black has achieved a more comfortable setup with a strong knight on c5.) 8... \(\delta\) g4 9.\(\delta\) e3\(\delta\).

7... ②c6 is the mainline, which leads to the Bayonet Attack after 8.d5 2e7 9.b4!.



**8.dxe5** 8.\mathbb{Z}e1 is the most principled continuation, improving the position. 8...\d2bd7 9.\d2f1 \dagger e8 10.\dagger b1 Moving the rook away from the diagonal of the black "dragon" bishop and preparing the usual queenside expansion. 10...c6 11.d5!± Closing the center and preparing b4 and c5. If Black takes on d5, then we recapture with the c-pawn and bring the knight to d2, and later to c4. White won this position on move 30 in M.Carlsen 2832 - A.Firouzja 2767, Paris 2024.

8...dxe5 9.\(\docume{2}\)e3 I chose this move because it keeps the position flexible while introducing new threats like \$c5. Taking the pawn by 9. 2xe5?! is a possibility, but it allows Black to equalize after 9...\(\infty\)xe4 12.\(\dag{\pm}xh6\)\(\dag{\pm}xb2\)\ 13.\(\dag{\pm}ad1\)\(\dag{\pm}xd1\)\ 14.\(\dag{\pm}xd1\) ②*c6*=) 11...₩h4! 12.f4 ₩xh6 13.fxe5 ₩e3+ 14.2f2 2c6= (Worse is 14...\subseteq xe5 15.\(\dose\)f3 which still allows a small advantage for White. 15... ②c6 16. ≜xc6 bxc6 17.  $\text{$\tilde{\text{d}}$} d2 \pm \text{ Next, the a-rook is coming to e1.})$ **9...②c6** 9...**②**bd7 makes sense to cover c5, but the setup of Black's pieces is still unclear. 10.\(\mathbb{U}\)c1 \(\bar{Q}\)g4 11.\(\bar{L}\)d2 \(\bar{Q}\)h7 12.h3 ②gf6 13.\alphad1±. Or 9...\alphaxd1 10.\alphafxd1 ②c6 11.h3± The position is rather more



comfortable for White thanks to the space advantage and faster development. idea was to get the queen out of the way with a tempo against the h6 pawn. That way I can prepare \( \mathbb{I} \) fd1 and \( \Dd5 \).

10... **②d4!** Challenging the center. (*King*'s Indian players often need to know how to seize the moment like this; one wrong move and it's over! -Zoev Tana)

Weaker is 10...⊈h7 11.\alphad1 \alphae7 e7 (If 11... ₩e8 then still 12. ②d5!±.) 12. ②d5 and now it is difficult to make a move as Black. 12...\(\Delta\)xd5? 13.cxd5+- The threats on the knight on c6 and of &c5 are too much for Black to handle.

Also 10... 2g4 doesn't work due to 11.\(\mathbb{L}\)c5! with tempo! 11...\(\mathbb{L}\)e8 12.\(\mathbb{L}\)d1 \$d7 13.b4± Aiming to play b4-b5 and destabilize Black's pieces.

**11.\mathrewxh6** At first, 11.**\mathrewx**d4 exd4 12.**\mathrewd**1 may seem good for White, but we run into issues very quickly. 12... ②g4!∞ Now the h6 pawn is secured and there are new threats with ... 2xe3 and ...dxc3-cxb2.



11... ②xe2+?! My opponent thought for a long time here, but this move allows me to seize the initiative.

11...②xe4 was necessary. 12.②xd4 (Of course not  $12.6 \times 4?? 6 \times 2+-+$ ) 12...\②xc3 13.bxc3 exd4 Back when I played 10. ₩c1, I had reached this position in my calculations, but wrongly assumed that the pawn on d4 would fall. 14.\(\hat{\mathbb{L}}\)xg7 \(\dot{\mathbb{L}}\)xg7 \(15.\)\(\bar{\mathbb{H}}\)d1 \(\bar{\mathbb{M}}\)e7! \(A crucial move! 16.\(\hat{L}\)f3 dxc3 17.\(\hat{W}\)xc3+ ₩f6 18.₩a5 White can still exert a little pressure, but Black is fine.

12. 2xe2 2xe4 Now Black does get the pawn back, but the e5 pawn will be compromised.

**13. ≜xg7 Φxg7 14. №e3!** Bringing the most important piece into the attack. Not so strong was 14. 2xe5 \( \frac{1}{2}\) xe5 \( \frac{1}{2}\) e8 15. \( \frac{1}{2}\) f3 g4∞, which allows Black to get back in the game.

**14...②f6 15.②g3** Again 15.**◎**xe5 **Ξ**e8 16. d4 ≜g4∞ provides Black with some counterplay. I wanted to avoid any possible pin or skewer on the e-file, but 15. 2xe5 was actually possible. For example, 15...\(\mathbb{Z}\)e8 16.f4 \(\Delta\)g4 17.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c3 f6 18. 🗓 xg4 😩 xg4 19. 🗓 g3±.

**15...□ e8?** 15...**□** g4 16. **□** c3 f6 was necessary.



Then, after 17.\aad1 \delta e7 18.\aafe1\aatte, the position is still better for White, though. **16.**<sup>₩</sup>**c**3! Now getting away from all the threats along the a1-h8 diagonal is very difficult for Black.

**16...②d7** 16...**₩**e7? 17.**¤**ae1+−. 17.\ad1 \end{a}e7 18.\afe1 f6



Black has seemingly consolidated the pawn structure, with e5 finally becoming safe. However, all the other pieces are underdeveloped.

weaknesses around the black king.

**19...②f8 20.h5 g5?** My opponent was approaching time trouble, but this natural move resulted in a lot of problems for her later.

20...⊈h8 was a safer alternative, but the move is rather unnatural. After 21. △h4 g5 22.₺hf5±. White is better anyway.

**21.△d4?!** I decided to go for this simple move, considering that it was difficult for my opponent to make moves. However, there was a beautiful opportunity here.

21. ②xe5!! Tearing apart the defense of the black king!



All White's pieces will soon infiltrate. 21...fxe5 22.\(\bar{\pi}\)d5! \(\phi\)h7 (22...\(\bar{\pi}\)d7?? 23. 2f5++-) 23. \( \) dxe5 \( \) de6. Although the threats along the e-file have been stopped, Black's position is too fragile. 24. ②e4!+− The g5 pawn is falling now. 21... #f7 22. 2 df5+ \$xf5 Safer was 22...∲h7.

23. 公xf5+ 空h8 24. 豐f3



Now Black will have to keep an eye on both b7 and f6. Any additional pawn move will leave behind major weaknesses.

**24...⊆ab8** 24...c6?? allows 25.**⊘**d6+− whereas 24... 266 is met by 25.g3!, preventing the knight from getting to f4. 25. **2h6!** Maneuvering the knight.

25... 👑 e6 26. 🗓 g4 🗓 h7 27. 🗓 e3 🗒 g8 **28.g4!** A prophylactic move, fixing the position and preventing any expansion. Advancing the pawn does not actually weaken my king, as it is impossible for Black's pieces to reach it.

**19.h4!** Very important! It's time to create **28... \(\mathbb{Z}\) ge8** Now comes the next part of the plan: infiltrating the position.



**29.**ℤ**d2!** Time to double up the rooks on the d-file!

**29... \( e^7 \)** 29... \( e^4 \) 30. \( e^4 \) \( e^4 \) \( e^4 \) 31.\<sup>®</sup>xb7+−.

**30.\Begin{aligned} \Begin{aligned} \Begin{a** chain is disconnected and e4 could fall in the future. 31. ₩f5+-.

**31.** \( \bar{B}\) **32.** \( \bar{B}\) **33.** \( \bar 33. ∅d5 seemed like a potential idea, but I did not want to allow my opponent any active moves. After 33...\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}d8 White is still better, but it's less clear than before. 32...罩f7



33. \displaysty f5! The simplest route to victory! Black's position is both dynamically and strategically lost, so even after the queen trade, it will be impossible to hold.

33...₩xf5 34.ᡚxf5 \(\mathbb{Z}\)bf8 Here I spotted a nice sequence to end the game. 34...\(\mathbb{Z}\)xd7 offers no salvation either, as after 35.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xd7 \(\Delta\)f8 36.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc7 \(\Delta\)e6 37.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e7 ②f4 38. ②d6+− it's curtains.

35.ᡚe7 ≌e8 36.ᡚg6+ ₾g8 37.ଞxf7 **Φxf7 38. ਫd7**+ **Φg8** 38... Φe6 39. **ਫ**xh7+-.



**39.h6!** And there is no way to prevent Black resigned checkmate! Overall, I feel like this game is a good representation of my play throughout the tournament: not perfect, but very practical with interesting ideas at the correct times. After this game, I drew against IM Deysi

third in the tournament. This tournament was a wonderful experience, and I am very proud of my American compatriots for their perfomances. Thank you so much to FIDE America and everyone who made it possible. I hope to the back for the 2025 Women's Continental Championship.

Cori with the black pieces and finished

## **FINAL NOTES**

Other members of team USA also did well. WIM Iris Mou tied for sixth place, finishing eighth on tiebreakers. Half a point behind. WIM Omva Vidvarthi finished twelfth. Significant rating gains were also made by Sam Sharf, Lauren Goodkind, and Avithi Yashaswini, who at ten years old was the youngest player in the field. A huge thank you to the organizers, who made this event possible! Everything from the hotelvenue shuttle to the food to the pairings ran smoothly thanks to them.

As for "touristy" things I did, I practiced Spanish a lot and took pictures of good food. I also explored a local mall and bought souvenirs for friends and family. My one complaint? The traffic in the Dominican Republic is crazy! You couldn't have paid me to drive; somehow the people there are even more risktaking than the taxi drivers I've seen in New York. Still, it's all part of learning about new cultures, an opportunity only made possible by chess!

## **Culture difference**

Outdoor pets and strays are quite common on the streets of the Dominican Republic. One adorable kitten took to hanging around near the dining hall. Originally a timid creature who hid in the bushes, food scraps and head scratches eventually convinced him/her to voluntarily greet the players. Too bad I couldn't smuggle him/her onto the plane!

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